



Proposal

Drug/Drug Class:	Electrolyte Depleting Agents, Phosphate Lowering PDL Edit		
First Implementation Date:	January 14, 2009		
Revised Date:	January 12, 2023		
Prepared For:	MO HealthNet		
Prepared By:	MO HealthNet/Conduent		
Criteria Status:	⊠ Existing Criteria		
	☐ Revision of Existing Criteria		
	□ New Criteria		

Executive Summary

Purpose: The MO HealthNet Pharmacy Program will implement a state-specific preferred drug list.

Why Issue Selected:

Chronic kidney disease occurs in approximately 20 million Americans. One of the complications of this disease is hyperphosphatemia. As the kidney loses function, its ability to eliminate phosphorus declines, which results in hyperphosphatemia. Phosphorus is responsible for growth, maintenance, and repair of body tissues, and along with calcium, prevents bone-related disorders. Phosphorus is commonly found in foods such as milk, red meat, fish, poultry, eggs, and peanuts. Due to continuous dietary intake, unfortunately, dialysis alone does not maintain normal phosphorus levels in the blood for end stage renal disease participants. Phosphate-binding agents decrease phosphorus absorption from the gastrointestinal tract by binding dietary phosphorus. Calcium containing salts not only maintain positive calcium balance but also bind phosphorus. In the event of hypocalcemia, calcium supplementation or vitamin D may be necessary to slow or prevent bone disease. Non-calcium based phosphate binders are now available and are an alternative to calcium when hypercalcemia is present.

Total program savings for the PDL classes will be regularly reviewed.

Program-Specific Information

c	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
	Calcium Acetate Caps	Auryxia [®]
	 Sevelamer Carbonate Tabs (gen 	Calcium Acetate Tabs
	Renvela®)	Calphron®
		Fosrenol®
		Lanthanum Carbonate
		Phoslyra®
		Renagel®
		Renvela®
		Sevelamer Hydrochloride (gen
		Renagel®)
		Sevelamer Pwd Pack
		Velphoro®

Type of Criteria:	☐ Increased risk of ☐ Appropriate Indi		☑ Preferred Drug List☐ Clinical Edit				
Data Sources:	☐ Only Administra	tive Databases	☑ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied				
Setting & Population							
 Drug class for review: Electrolyte Depleting Agents, Phosphate Lowering Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants 							
Approval Criteria	a						
 Failure to achieve desired therapeutic outcomes with trial on 2 or more preferred agents Documented trial period for preferred agents OR Documented ADE/ADR to preferred agents 							
Denial Criteria							
 Lack of adequate trial on required preferred agents Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met 							
Required Docum	nentation						
Laboratory Resul MedWatch Form:		Progress Notes: Other:					
Disposition of E	dit						
Denial: Exception Rule Type: PDL	Code "0160" (Preferro	ed Drug List)					
Default Approva	l Period						
1 year							

References

- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Electrolyte Depleters, Phosphate Lowering Agents", UMKC-DIC; March 2022.
- Evidence-Based Medicine and Fiscal Analysis: "Phosphate Lowering Agents Therapeutic Class Review", Conduent Business Services, L.L.C., Richmond, VA; June 2021.
- USPDI, Micromedex; 2022.
- Facts and Comparisons eAnswers (online); 2022 Clinical Drug Information, LLC.